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20 21	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
22	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA					
23	and SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY ) Case No.  MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, )					
24	) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL Plaintiffs, PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE					
25	v. RELIEF					
26	ATLAS ROOFING CORPORATION,					
27	Defendant.					
28						

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Plaintiff United States of America, by the authority of the Attorney General of the United States and through the undersigned attorneys, acting at the request of the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), and Plaintiff South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD") hereby file this complaint and allege as follows:

#### **NATURE OF ACTION**

1. This is a civil action brought pursuant to Section 113(b) of the Clean Air Act ("CAA"), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), and Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 42401 and 42402.1 against Atlas Roofing Corporation ("Atlas" or "Defendant") for injunctive relief and assessment of civil penalties. Atlas violated the federally-approved and federally-enforceable California State Implementation Plan ("SIP"), SCAQMD permit conditions, the CAA, and SCAQMD Hearing Board's Orders at its expandable polystyrene ("EPS") foam block manufacturing, molding, and processing facility located at 14104 Towne Avenue in Los Angeles, California (the "Facility").

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1345, 1355, and CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b). In addition, this Court has supplemental jurisdiction over SCAQMD's claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367 and Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 42401 and 42402.1. This Court also has jurisdiction over the parties to this action.
- 3. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1395, and CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), because the violations alleged herein occurred and/or are occurring at the Facility that is located in this district.

### **AUTHORITY AND NOTICE**

4. Authority to bring this action is vested in the United States

Department of Justice pursuant to CAA Section 305, 42 U.S.C. § 7605, and 26 U.S.C. §§ 516 and 519. SCAQMD has the authority to bring this action pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code § 42403.

5. Notice of the commencement of this action was provided to the California Air Resources Board as required by CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b).

### **DEFENDANT**

- 6. Defendant operates the Facility in Los Angeles, California under the name Falcon Foam, a Division of Atlas Roofing Corporation. Defendant is, and was at all time relevant hereto, a Mississippi corporation with its principal place of business in Meridien, Mississippi.
- 7. Defendant is a "person" as defined by CAA Section 302(e), 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).

### STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- 8. The Administrator of the EPA, pursuant to authority under CAA Section 109, 42 U.S.C. § 7409, promulgated National Ambient Air Quality Standards ("NAAQS") for certain criteria pollutants, including ozone. 40 C.F.R. § 50.9.
- 9. Pursuant to CAA Section 107(d), 42 U.S.C. § 7407(d), the Administrator promulgated lists of attainment status designations for each air quality control region ("AQCR") in every State. These lists identify the attainment status of each AQCR for each of the criteria pollutants. The ozone attainment status designations for the California AQCRs are listed at 40 C.F.R. § 81.305.
- 10. Ground-level ozone is formed when volatile organic compounds ("VOCs") react with oxides of nitrogen in the presence of sunlight. As a precursor

to ozone, VOCs are one of the regulated pollutants relating to the ozone NAAQS. 40 C.F.R. Part 58, App. D, Section 2.5.

- 11. SCAQMD has primary jurisdiction over the Los Angeles Basin, including the City of Los Angeles, which has been designated as an extreme nonattainment area for the NAAQS for ozone. 40 C.F.R. § 81.305. CAA Section 182(a)(2)(A), 42 U.S.C. § 7511(a)(2)(A), requires areas that are nonattainment for ozone to correct requirements in, or add requirements to, reasonably available control technology ("RACT") rules in the SIP.
- 12. On May 24, 1994, the State of California submitted SCAQMD Rule 1175 as a corrected RACT rule for the Los Angeles Basin nonattainment area. EPA approved SCAQMD Rule 1175 into the federally enforceable SIP for the area on August 25, 1994. 59 Fed. Reg. 43,751.
- 13. SCAQMD Rule 1175 requires the owner or operator of a manufacturing facility of polymeric cellular (foam) products to limit VOC emissions during manufacturing and storage or install an approved emission control system to collect and control these VOC emissions.
- 14. SCAQMD Rule 1175(c)(2) states that the owner or operator of an EPS molding facility "shall demonstrate . . . that manufacturing and post-manufacturing emissions, assuming all the blowing agent is released from the product, are less than 2.4 lbs [of VOCs] per 100 lbs of raw material processed."
- 15. If the owner or operator of an EPS molding facility fails to demonstrate compliance with Rule 1175(c)(2), SCAQMD Rule 1175(c)(4)(B) requires the owner or operator to install and operate an "approved emission control system" within 12 months. Rule 1175 requires the emission collection system to collect at least 90 percent by weight of the manufacturing emissions.
- 16. Under CAA Section 113(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(a)(1), when the Administrator finds that a person has violated a requirement of an applicable

permit or SIP, the Administrator shall notify that person, as well as the State in which the person operates, of such finding. The Administrator is then authorized under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), to commence a civil action for such permit or SIP violations at any time more than thirty days following the date of the Administrator's notification under CAA Section 113(a)(1).

17. Pursuant to CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), EPA may commence a civil action for injunctive relief and civil penalties not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation of the CAA, including violations of an applicable SIP or permit. Pursuant to the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-134, and 40 C.F.R. §§ 19.2, 19.4 (Table), civil penalties of up to \$27,500 per day per violation may be assessed for violations occurring between January 30, 1997, and March 15, 2004, and up to \$32,500 per day per violation for violations occurring after March 15, 2004.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 18. Defendant operates a polymeric cellular (foam) products manufacturing, molding, and processing facility that is subject to the requirements of SCAQMD Rule 1175.
- 19. During the EPS block manufacturing process at its Facility,
  Defendant uses polystyrene beads as a raw material. The beads contain pentane,
  which is a VOC. Defendant's Facility emits pentane during the manufacturing
  process.
- 20. On July 13, 1999, SCAQMD issued a permit to construct to Defendant for a catalytic afterburner with a waste heat boiler to control VOC emissions from the Facility. The permit required Defendant to conduct a source test to demonstrate compliance with SCAQMD Rule 1175.
- 21. On October 13, 2000, SCAQMD issued a permit to Defendant that limited the pentane content of the polystyrene beads used at the Facility to no

more than 4.52 percent. The permit also required that Defendant operate the catalytic afterburner at a temperature not less that 600 degrees Fahrenheit at the inlet to the catalyst.

- 22. On August 30, 2002, SCAQMD issued a revised permit to Defendant that changed the provision regulating the pentane content of the polystyrene beads to a requirement that beads with an initial pentane content of 5.5 percent or greater be aged a minimum of 12 hours prior to the molding process.
- 23. Pursuant to CAA Section 113(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(a)(1), EPA issued a Notice of Violation to Defendant on March 15, 2004, for violations of the California SIP and the CAA at the Facility.
- 24. Atlas operated under a variance issued by the SCAQMD Hearing Board (the "Hearing Board"), Case No. 3529-7. In a March 9, 2004 Order, the Hearing Board included the following condition: "During the variance, the weighted average pentane content of the beads used by petitioner to manufacture expandable polystyrene (EPS) blocks shall not exceed 4.52% averaged over a calendar month." SCAQMD has jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the variance pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 41513, 42402.1.
- 25. After the termination of the Variance Case No. 3529-7, Defendant operated under the terms and conditions of an Order for Abatement issued by the Hearing Board (Case No. 3529-8) on March 24, 2005. Condition 5 of that Order required Defendant to continuously operate the existing catalytic afterburner at a temperature of not less than 600 degrees Fahrenheit at the inlet to the catalyst. SCAQMD has jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the Order for Abatement pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 42401, 42453.

# (Failure to Demonstrate Compliance with Rule 1175) (Federal Claim Only)

26. Paragraphs 1 through 23 are incorporated herein by reference as if

fully set forth below.

- 27. On or about September 27, 1999, Total Air Analysis Inc. performed a source test on behalf of Defendant to determine if the Facility was in compliance with the requirements of Rule 1175. This source test was invalid, however, because the results showed a collection efficiency of 177 percent. It is not physically possible to collect more than 100 percent of emissions.
- 28. Defendant has failed to demonstrate compliance with Rule 1175 since at least September 1999.
- 29. Unless enjoined by this Court, Defendant will continue to violate SCAQMD Rule 1175.
- 30. Under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), Defendant is subject to issuance of an injunction, requiring it to install an approved emission control system that complies with the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 1175.
- 31. Under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19, Defendant is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$27,500 per day for each violation of SCAQMD Rule 1175 between September 1999 and March 15, 2004, and \$32,500 per day for violations after March 15, 2004.

## (Failure to Comply with Permit Condition - Pentane Content) (Federal Claim Only)

- 32. Paragraphs 1 through 23 are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth below.
- 33. In every month between January 2001 and September 2002, Defendant used polystyrene beads with a pentane content of more than 4.52 percent in violation of its permit.
- 34. Under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19, Defendant is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$27,500 per day for each violation of the permit condition requiring it to limit the pentane content of the

polystyrene beads to 4.52 percent.

### (Failure to Comply with Permit Condition - Emission Control Device) (Federal Claim Only)

- 35. Paragraphs 1 through 23 are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth below.
- 36. Between January 2002 and December 2004, Defendant operated the catalytic afterburner at its Facility at a temperature less than 600 degrees Fahrenheit on at least 307 days, and therefore violated its permit on each of these days.
- 37. Unless enjoined by this Court, Defendant will continue to operate its emission control device in a manner not in compliance with its permit.
- 38. Under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), Defendant is subject to issuance of an injunction, requiring it to operate its emission control device in compliance with the terms of its permit.
- 39. Under CAA Section 113(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(b), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19, Defendant is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$27,500 per day for each violation of SCAQMD Rule 1175 between October 13, 2000, and March 15, 2004, and \$32,500 per day for violations after March 15, 2004.

### FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Violation of Hearing Board Variance) (SCAQMD Claim Only)

- 40. Paragraphs 1 through 25 are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth below.
- 41. In a variance proceeding, the SCAQMD Hearing Board issued an Order on March 9, 2004, requiring that the weighted average pentane content of the beads used by defendant not exceed 4.52 percent averaged over a calendar month.
  - 42. Defendant failed to comply with the Order's limitation in multiple

months, including, but not limited to, the months of March, April, and May of 2004.

43. Pursuant to Cal. Health and Safety Code § 42402.1, Defendant is liable to SCAQMD for a civil penalty of \$25,000 for each day it violated the Order of the SCAQMD Hearing Board.

## FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Violation of Hearing Board Order of Abatement) (SCAQMD Claim Only)

- 44. Paragraphs 1 through 25 are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth below.
- 45. The SCAQMD Hearing Board issued an Order for Abatement on March 24, 2005, requiring Defendant to continuously operate the existing catalytic afterburner at a temperature of not less that 600 degrees Fahrenheit at the inlet to the catalyst.
- 46. On numerous days after March 24, 2005, Defendant violated this condition for operation of the catalytic afterburner.
- 47. Pursuant to Cal. Health and Safety Code § 42401, Defendant is liable to SCAQMD for a civil penalty of \$25,000 for each day it violated the Order of the SCAQMD Hearing Board.

### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant the following relief:

- A. Assess a civil penalty against Defendant of \$27,500 per day for each violation as alleged in the first, second and third claims for relief in this complaint that took place through March 15, 2004, and assess a civil penalty against Defendant of \$32,500 per day for each violation as alleged in the first and third claims for relief in this complaint that took place after March 15, 2004;
  - B. Assess a civil penalty against Defendant of \$25,000 per

1	day for each violation as alleged in the fourth and fifth claims for relief in this				
2	complaint;				
3	C. Issue an order requiring Defendant to install an approved emission				
4	control system to comply with the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 1175 and to take				
5	all appropriate and necessary measures to ensure compliance with all applicable				
6	emission limitations required by SCAQMD Rule 1175 and permits issued by				
7	SCAQMD to the Facility;				
8	D. Award the United States and SCAQMD their costs and fees				
9	incurred in this action; and				
10	E. Grant such other relief as is deemed just and proper.				
11	Respectfully submitted,				
12		For the United States of America:			
13		KELLY A. JOHNSON Acting Assistant Attorney General Environment and Natural Resources			
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>		Environment and Natural Resources Division United States Department of Justice			
16		Officed States Department of Justice			
17	Dated:				
18	Butou.	W. BENJAMIN FISHEROW Deputy Chief			
19		Environmental Enforcement Section			
20	Datada				
21	Dated:	ANN C. HURLEY			
22		ROBERT D. MULLANEY Trial Attorneys Environmental Enforcement Section			
23	OF COUNSEL:				
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1 2 3			For South Coast Air Quality Management District:		
4	Dated:				
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